# Distribution and Abundance of Dall's Sheep in the Richardson Mountains, August 1991

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# ABSTRACT

Aerial block surveys (blocks established in 1984) were conducted on 1 and 3 August 1991 to document the number and distribution of Dall's sheep (*Ovis dalli*) in the Richardson Mountains, Northwest Territories (NWT) and Yukon Territory (YT), Canada. We counted and classified 1,374 sheep including 675 nursery sheep, 289 lambs, 373 rams (99 half curl, 92 three-quarter curl and 182 full curl) and 37 unclassified sheep. The annual rate of increase for the non-lamb portion of the population was 14% per year during 1986 to 1991; the number of full curl rams nearly tripled (increasing from 67 to 182) during this period. There were 43 lambs per 100 nursery sheep; this was exceptional given the survey was done in early August. The majority of lambs and nursery sheep were found in the Goodenough, Lick, Sheep, Rat, and Cache blocks; the majority of rams were found in the Rat block. Overall 70% of the sheep were observed in the NWT.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT ..... iii

LIST OF FIGURES ..... v

LIST OF TABLES ..... vi

INTRODUCTION ..... 1

STUDY AREA ..... 2

METHODS ..... 6

RESULTS ..... 7

Population Size and Trend ..... 7

Productivity and Recruitment ..... 10

Distribution of Lambs, Nursery Sheep, and Rams ..... 12

DISCUSSION ..... 19

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS ..... 20

LITERATURE CITED ..... 21

APPENDIX A. Classification of Dall's sheep by observation location and survey block in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991. ..... 22

# LIST OF FIGURES

**Figure 1.** Location of the northern Richardson Mountains Dall's sheep study area .....3

**Figure 2.** Blocks surveyed in the northern Richardson Mountains, August 1991.....4

**Figure 3.** The number of Dall's sheep in the Richardson Mountains population during surveys conducted during the period 1984 to 1991.....9

**Figure 4.** Finite annual rate of population growth for the Dall's sheep population in the Richardson Mountains during the period 1984 to 1991.....9

**Figure 5.** Number of half curl, three-quarter curl, and full curl rams in the Richardson Mountains population, 1984 to 1991 .....10

**Figure 6.** Number of lambs per 100 nursery sheep in the Richardson Mountains Dall's sheep population, 1984 to 1997.....11

**Figure 7.** Distribution of nursery Dall's sheep in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.....13

**Figure 8.** Distribution of lamb Dall's sheep in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.....14

**Figure 9.** Distribution of ram Dall's sheep (half curl, three-quarter curl, and full curl) in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.....15

**Figure 10.** Distribution of Dall's sheep (nursery, lambs, and rams) in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.....16

**Figure 11.** Percentage of the total number of lambs and nursery sheep found in each block surveyed during August 1991.....17

**Figure 12.** Percent of the total number of half, three-quarter, and full curl rams found in each block surveyed during August 1991. .....18

# LIST OF TABLES

**Table 1.** Classification of Dall's sheep by survey block in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.....8

**Table 2.** Some demographic characteristics of the Dall's sheep population by survey block in the northern Richardson Mountains study area, 1 and 3 August 1991.....11

**Table 3.** Demographic characteristics of the Dall's sheep population during years when all survey blocks were flown .....12

**Table 4.** Number of Dall's sheep by class in the NWT and YT, 1991.....18

# INTRODUCTION

The Dall's sheep in the Richardson Mountains are part of an island population at the northernmost extent of their distribution in Canada (Barichello et al. 1987). These sheep and those in the British Mountains, Yukon Territory (YT) are the only populations in Canada that inhabit ranges north of the Arctic Circle and are exposed to rigorous Arctic environments (Barichello et al. 1987). The Richardson Mountains Dall's sheep population is largely unhunted. Gwich'in and Inuvialuit harvest a small number of sheep, primarily ewes and lambs, each year. Some residents of Aklavik have expressed an interest in conducting guided sheep hunts for non-resident hunters since the late 1980s. The Gwich'in Renewable Resources Board, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Government of the Northwest Territories, and the Department of Environment, Yukon Territorial Government currently survey this population every three to five years to monitor population trends and productivity.

A number of surveys of this population were conducted by biologists between 1971 and 1986 (Simmons 1973, Hoffman 1974, Nolan and Kelsall 1977, Hoefs 1978, Males 1980, Latour 1984). Population estimates obtained during these surveys suggested that the population had declined from 447 in 1972 (Nolan and Kelsall 1977) to 68 in 1983 (Latour 1984). Barichello et al. (1987) estimated that there were 543 sheep in the area in 1984. As a result, the suspected decline in sheep numbers between 1972 and 1983 may have been a function of survey methods or area surveyed, or both. Barichello et al. (1987) re-surveyed the area in 1985 and 1986 and found that the population had increased to an estimated 617 sheep in 1985 and 802 in 1986, indicating a period of rapid population growth.

In August 1991, we surveyed the study area established in 1984 by Barichello et al. (1987). There were three primary objectives of this survey:

1. Obtain current estimates of the numbers of lambs, nursery sheep, and rams (half, three-quarter, and full curl) in the populations.
2. Document the distribution of rams in the population during mid to late summer.
3. Obtain information that is required to determine the number and distribution of hunting permits within management zones allowable if limited entry sport hunts occur in the future.

This survey was conducted by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Inuvik, NWT, in cooperation with the Department of Environment, Whitehorse, YT.

## STUDY AREA

The northern Richardson Mountains (67°30' to 68°30' N, 135°30' to 137° W) are in the "Northern Mountains and Coastal Plain" ecological region (Oswald and Senyk 1977) also called the "Cordillera" ecological region in the NWT (Ecological Classification Group 2010) (Figure 1). The central portion of the area is characterized by sharp ridges, rocky slopes and deep V-shaped valleys, and is surrounded by gently rolling terrain. Most of the study area is over 1,500 m above sea level and is composed primarily of sedimentary rock. Permafrost is continuous, temperatures average -9°C annually, and annual precipitation is about 500 mm (Barichello et al. 1987).

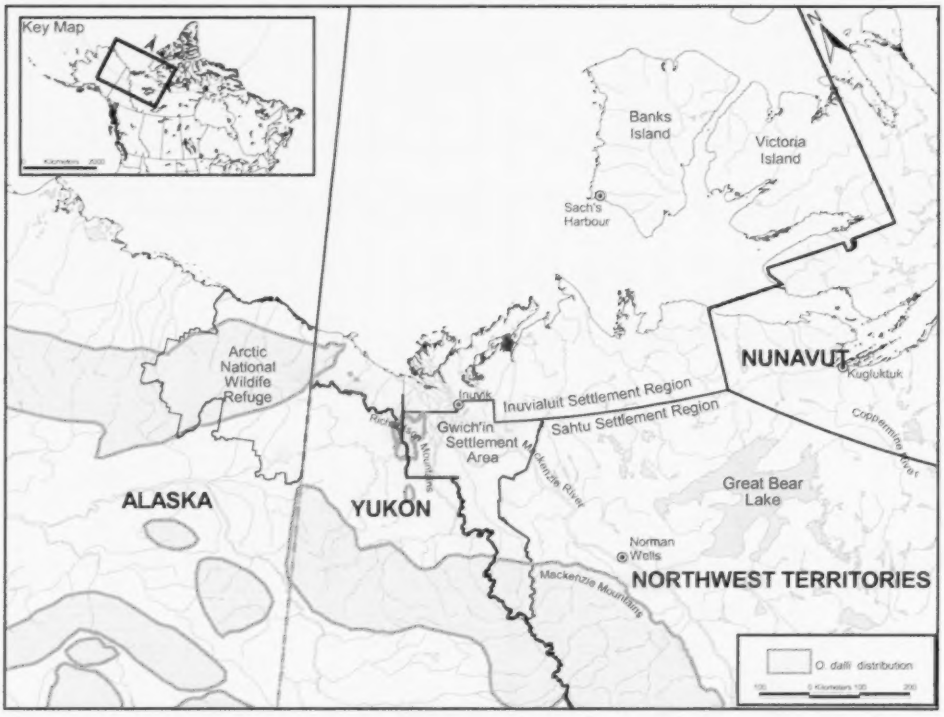


**Figure 1.** Location of the northern Richardson Mountains Dall's sheep study area.

The study area is approximately 3,000 km$^2$ (Figure 2). Black spruce (*Picea mariana*) and balsam poplar (*Populus balsamifera*) occur in protected valleys. Tussock tundra (*Carex* spp. and *Eriophorum* spp.) dominates valley bottoms to mid-slopes (Barichello et al. 1987). Alpine vegetation dominates ridge tops at higher elevations. Barichello et al. (1987) suggested that 50% of the area could be considered potential sheep habitat with most of this occurring above the treeline where forage and escape terrain are available.

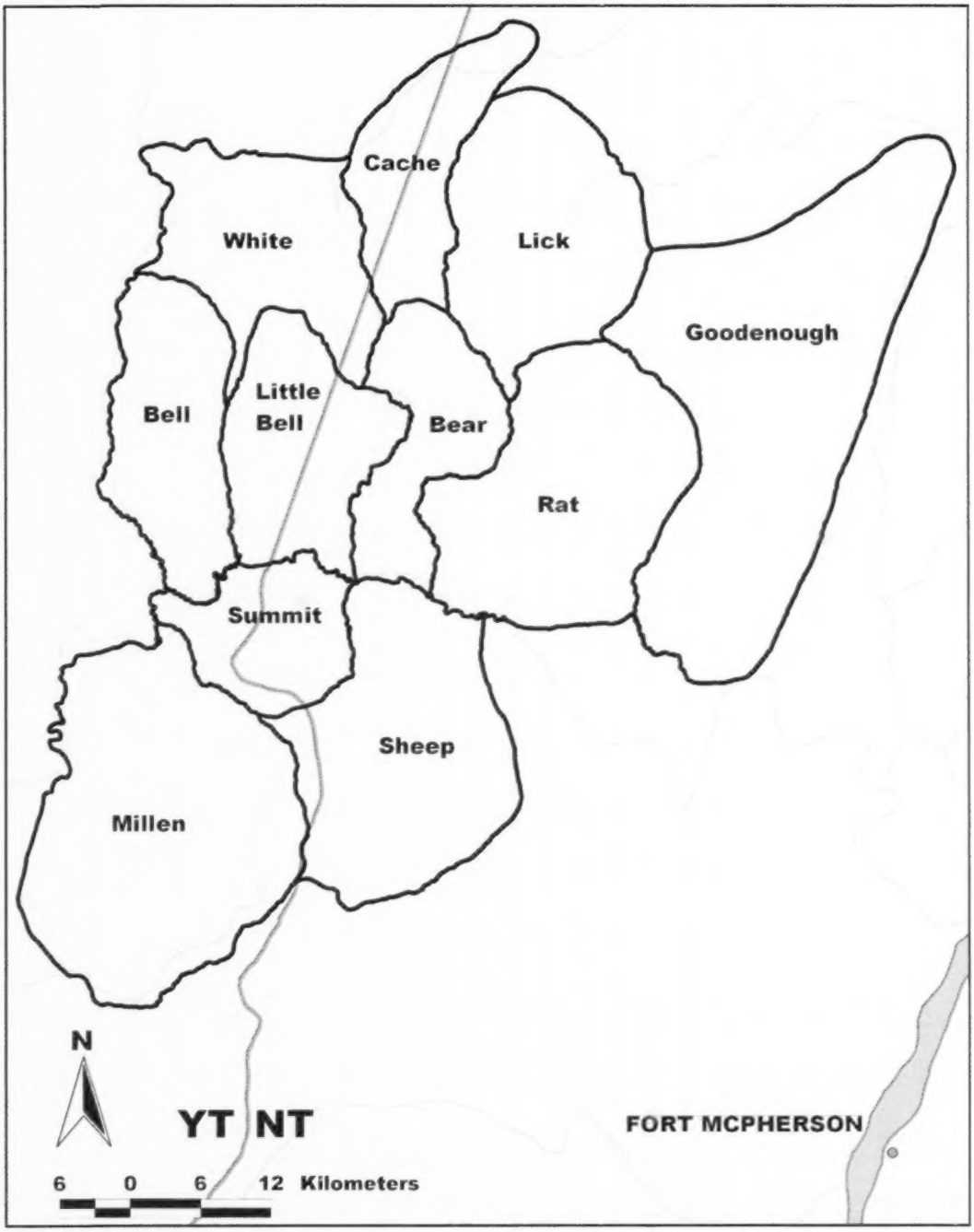


**Figure 2.** Blocks surveyed in the northern Richardson Mountains, August 1991.

Moose (*Alces americanus*) occur in low numbers throughout the eastern portion of the study area but are generally found along valley bottoms. The Porcupine caribou

herd (*Rangifer tarandus granti*) migrates through the area during spring and autumn (Porcupine Caribou Technical Committee 1993). In some years, a portion of this herd summers and winters in the area. A few muskoxen (*Ovibos moschatus*) have been observed. Grizzly bears (*Ursus arctos*), wolves (*Canis lupus*), wolverine (*Gulo gulo*), and golden eagles (*Aquila chrysaetos*) are relatively common.

# METHODS

The survey blocks delineated by Barichello et al. (1987) were systematically surveyed (Figure 2). Complete coverage was obtained by contouring mountain blocks and river drainages using a helicopter flying at approximately 100 km/h and 200 m above ground. Sheep were counted and classified by sex and age class as follows: nursery sheep (ewes, yearlings, and two-year-old rams), lambs, and rams (half, three-quarter, and full curl). Nursery groups were classified as yearlings, young rams, and ewes whenever possible. The location of each observation was recorded on 1:250,000 NTS topographic maps. These were digitized to obtain longitude and latitude coordinates for each location. The results of the survey were summarized by survey block and for the population. The exponential rate of change of the population was estimated as follows (Caughley 1980):

$$\log_e e^r = r$$

The number of lambs per 100 nursery sheep was calculated for each survey block and for the study area. We determined the number of lambs, nursery sheep, rams and all sheep that occurred in the NWT and YT during the survey. Maps showing the distribution of lambs, nursery sheep, rams, and all sheep were created in ArcView 3.2 (Environmental Systems Research Institute).

# RESULTS

This survey was completed on 1 and 3 August 1991. Weather conditions were generally favorable. On 1 August, the weather was calm and clear when we started the survey but became high overcast during the day. We had overcast conditions during the day and scattered showers late in the day on 3 August.

## Population Size and Trend

A total of 1,374 sheep were counted and classified in the study area. This included 675 nursery sheep, 289 lambs, 373 rams (99 half curl, 92 three-quarter curl and 182 full curl), and 37 unclassified (Table 1, Appendix A). We did not correct our total count for observer bias as it was not measured during the survey. The non-lamb portion of the population increased from 657 in 1986 to 1,085 in 1991, (Figure 3) giving an annual rate of increase of 14% per year during this five-year period (Figure 4). The full curl ram portion of the population increased from 67 in 1986 to 182 in 1991, giving an annual rate of increase of 34% per year during this five-year period (Figure 5).

**Table 1.** Classification of Dall's sheep by survey block in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.

| Survey Block | Nursery Sheep | | | | Lambs | Rams | | | | Unclassified | Total Sheep |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Ewes | Yearlings | Unclassified | Total | | Half curl | Three-quarter curl | Full curl | Total | | |
| Millen | 2 | 2 | 39 | 43 | 23 | 10 | 6 | 30 | 46 | 0 | 112 |
| Sheep | 8 | 1 | 82 | 91 | 42 | 8 | 9 | 6 | 23 | 0 | 156 |
| Summit | 3 | 0 | 25 | 28 | 9 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 43 |
| Bell | 2 | 0 | 47 | 49 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 11 | 22 | 0 | 80 |
| Little Bell | 2 | 0 | 23 | 25 | 11 | 6 | 11 | 25 | 42 | 0 | 78 |
| White | 4 | 0 | 18 | 22 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 21 | 45 | 0 | 78 |
| Cache | 18 | 1 | 53 | 72 | 33 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 106 |
| Lick | 12 | 0 | 87 | 99 | 44 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 145 |
| Bear | 0 | 0 | 28 | 28 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 16 | 39 | 0 | 76 |
| Rat | 3 | 4 | 63 | 70 | 33 | 31 | 23 | 49 | 103 | 0 | 206 |
| Goodenough | 7 | 3 | 138 | 148 | 65 | 10 | 11 | 23 | 44 | 37 | 294 |
| **Total** | **61** | **11** | **603** | **675** | **289** | **99** | **92** | **182** | **373** | **37** | **1,374** |

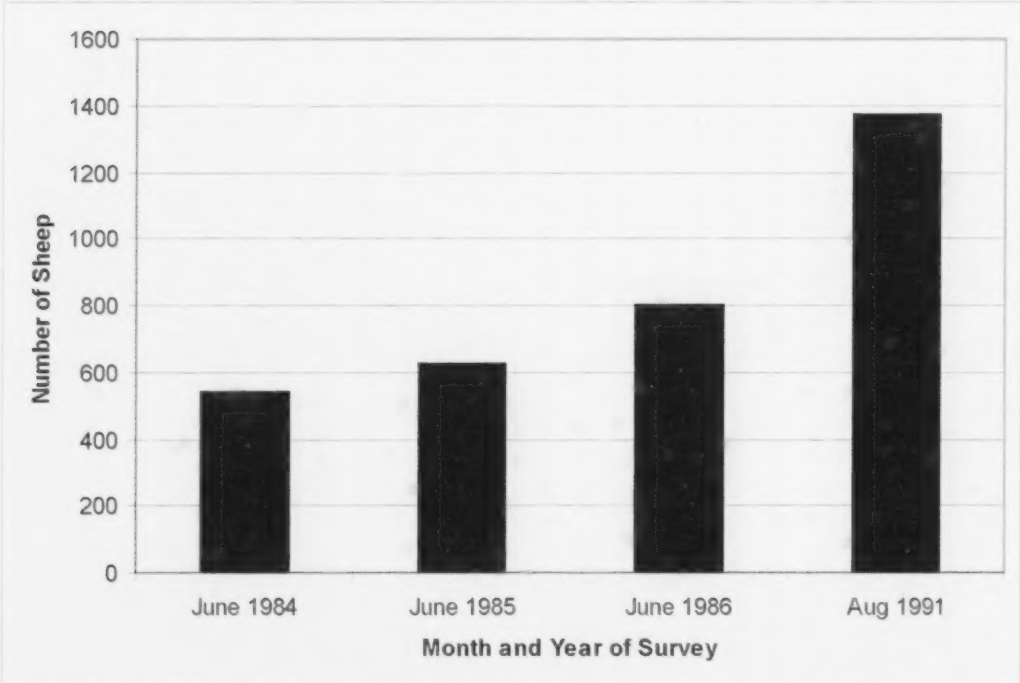


**Figure 3.** The number of Dall's sheep in the Richardson Mountains population during surveys conducted during the period 1984 to 1991.

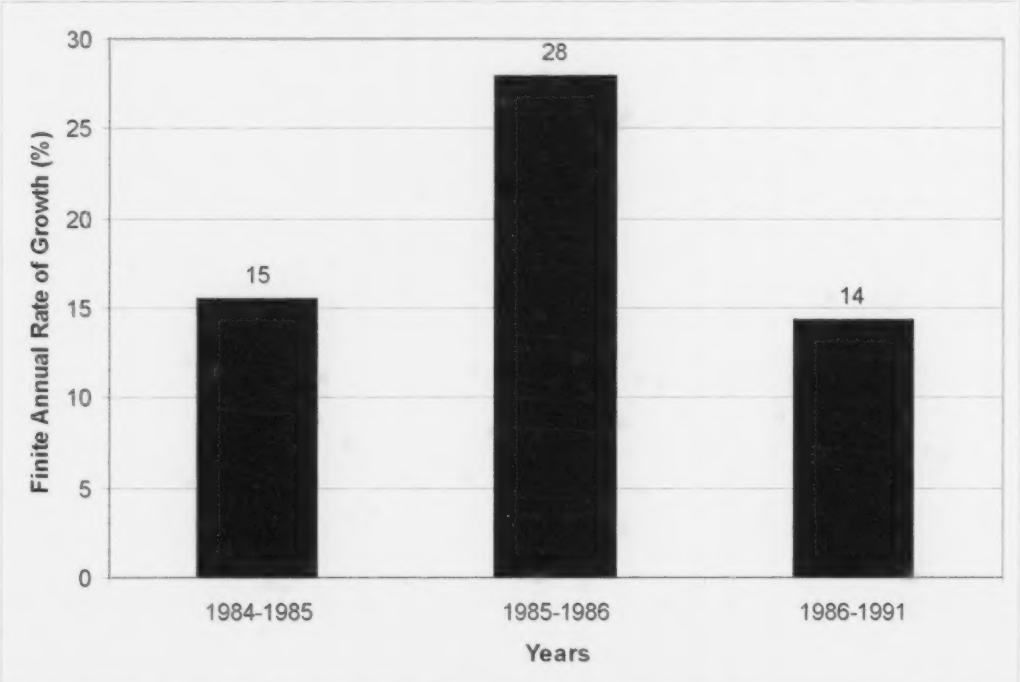


**Figure 4.** Finite annual rate of population growth for the Dall's sheep population in the Richardson Mountains during the period 1984 to 1991.

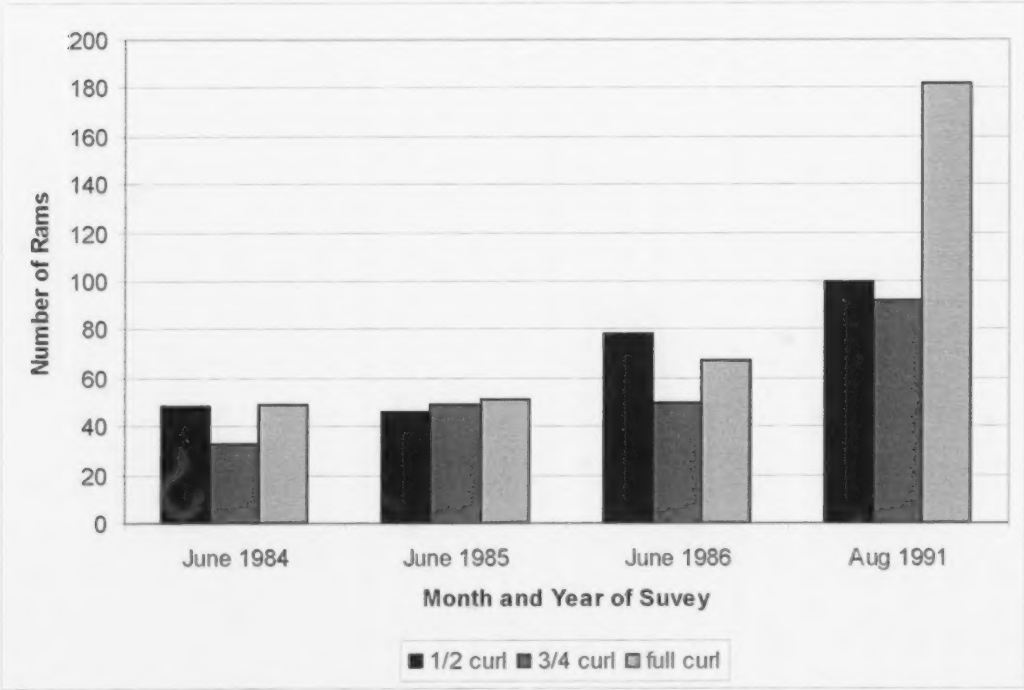


**Figure 5.** Number of half curl, three-quarter curl, and full curl rams in the Richardson Mountains population, 1984 to 1991.

## Productivity and Recruitment

The lambs to nursery sheep ratio of 43 lambs per 100 nursery sheep was exceptional given that the survey was conducted in early August (Table 2, Figure 5). Such high rates of lamb production would allow for the 14% average annual growth rate of the non-lamb portion of the population.

The number of rams increased from a total of 197 in 1987 to 373 in 1991. The number of full curl rams increased from 67 to 182 during this period.

Table 3 gives the composition of sheep in the study areas during surveys conducted during 1984 to 1991.

**Table 2.** Some demographic characteristics of the Dall's sheep population by survey block in the northern Richardson Mountains study area, 1 and 3 August 1991.

| Survey Block | Lambs per 100 Nursery Sheep | Total Non-lamb Sheep | Percentage Full Curl Rams of Total Rams | Rams per 100 Nursery Sheep |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Millen | 53 | 89 | 65 | 107 |
| Sheep | 46 | 114 | 26 | 25 |
| Summit | 32 | 34 | 17 | 21 |
| Bell | 18 | 71 | 50 | 45 |
| Little Bell | 44 | 67 | 60 | 168 |
| White | 50 | 67 | 47 | 205 |
| Cache | 46 | 73 | 0 | 1 |
| Lick | 44 | 101 | 0 | 2 |
| Bear | 32 | 67 | 41 | 139 |
| Rat | 47 | 173 | 48 | 147 |
| Goodenough | 44 | 229 | 52 | 30 |
| **Total Area Surveyed** | **43** | **1,085** | **49** | **55** |

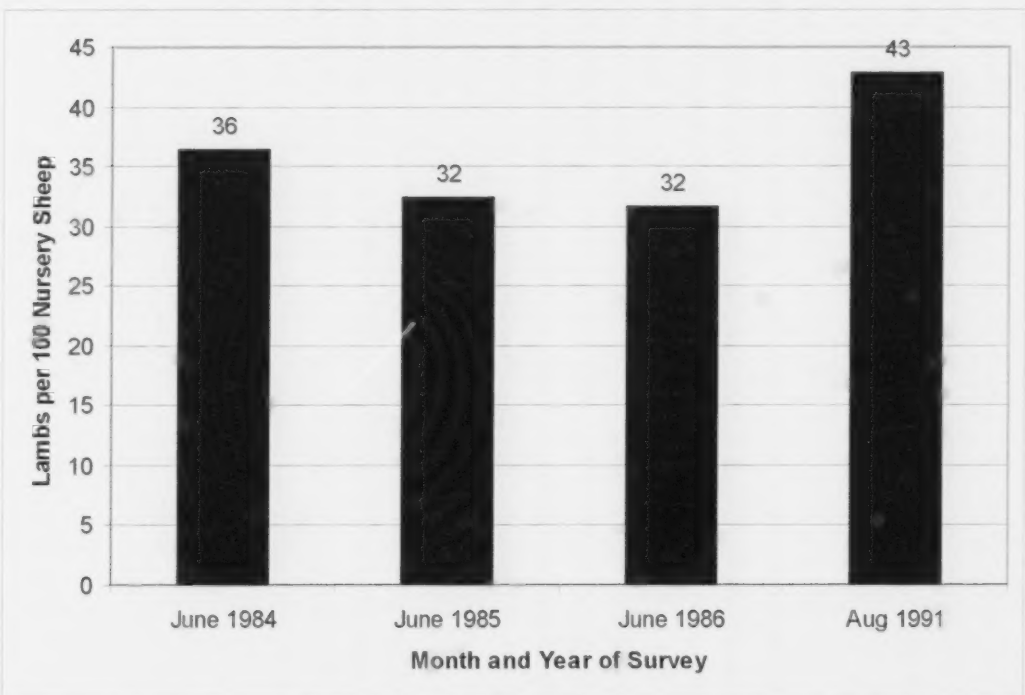


**Figure 6.** Number of lambs per 100 nursery sheep in the Richardson Mountains Dall's sheep population, 1984 to 1997.

**Table 3.** Demographic characteristics of the Dall's sheep population during years when all survey blocks were flown.

| Year[1] | No. by Class | | | All Sheep | Number per 100 Nursery Sheep | | Percentage of Rams | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Lambs | Nursery | Rams | | Lambs | Rams | Half Curl | Three-quarter Curl | Full Curl |
| 1984[2] | 110 | 302 | 131 | 543 | 36.4 | 43.4 | 36.6 | 25.2 | 37.4 |
| 1985[2] | 117 | 362 | 148 | 627 | 32.3 | 40.9 | 31.1 | 33.1 | 34.5 |
| 1986[2] | 145 | 460 | 197 | 802 | 31.5 | 42.8 | 39.6 | 25.4 | 34.0 |
| 1991 | 289 | 675 | 373 | 1374 | 42.8 | 55.3 | 26.5 | 24.7 | 48.8 |

[1] The Bell, Millen, and White blocks were not surveyed in 1997. As a result the 1997 data were not included in this table.

[2] Barichello et al. 1987

## Distribution of Lambs, Nursery Sheep, and Rams

The sites where we located lambs, nursery sheep, and rams in the Richardson Mountains during the survey are shown in Figures 7 through 10.

The majority of the lambs and nursery sheep were in the Goodenough, Lick, Sheep, Rat, and Cache blocks (Figures 10 and 11). Rams were essentially absent from the Cache, Lick, and Summit blocks (Figures 9 and 12). The majority of the rams were found in the Rat block, with the remainder distributed among the remaining blocks.

The majority of the nursery sheep (73%) and lambs (75%) and half curl (66%), three-quarter curl (63%), and full curl rams (52%) occupied areas in the NWT and overall, 70% of the sheep observed were observed in the NWT (Table 4).

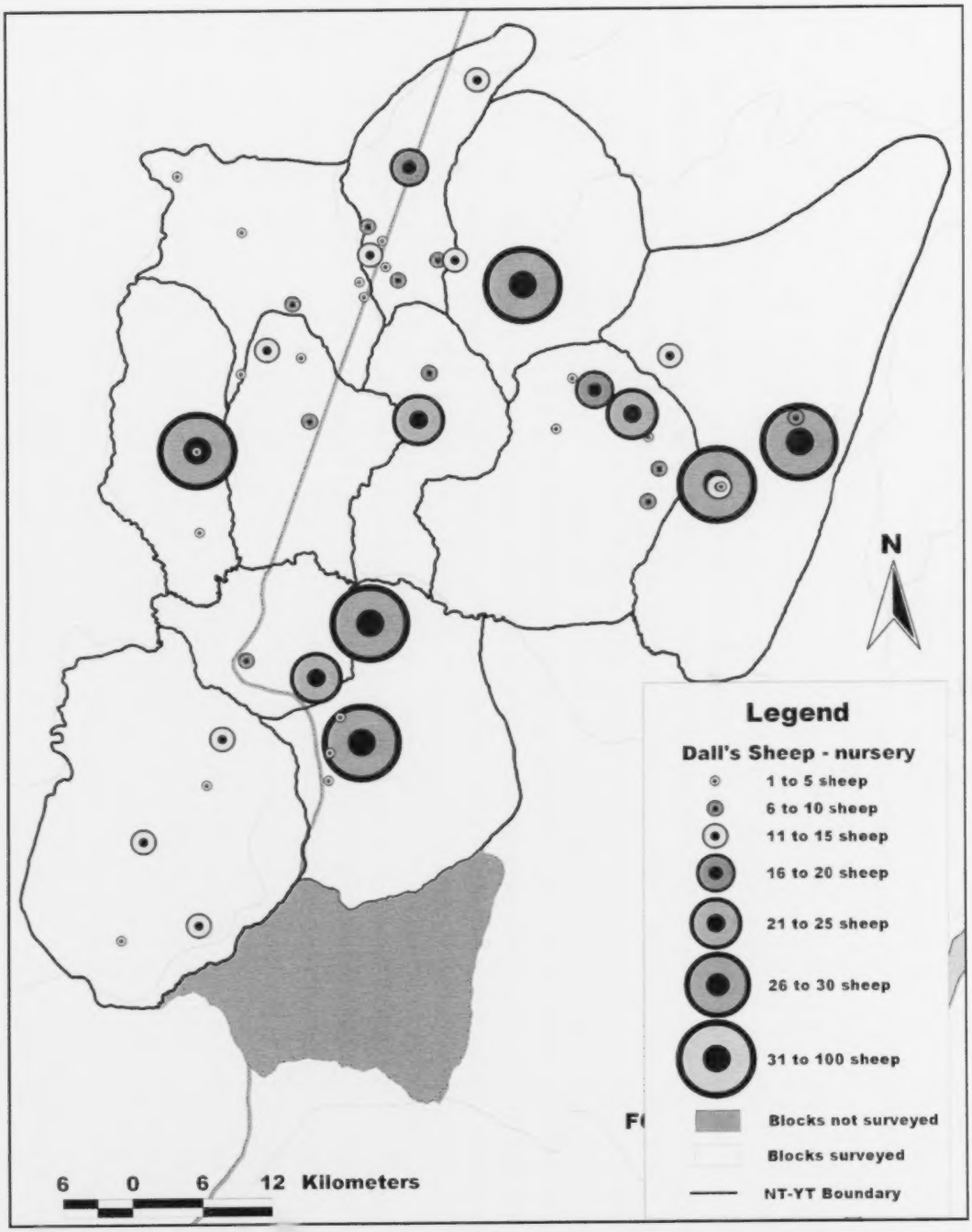


**Figure 7.** Distribution of nursery Dall's sheep in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.

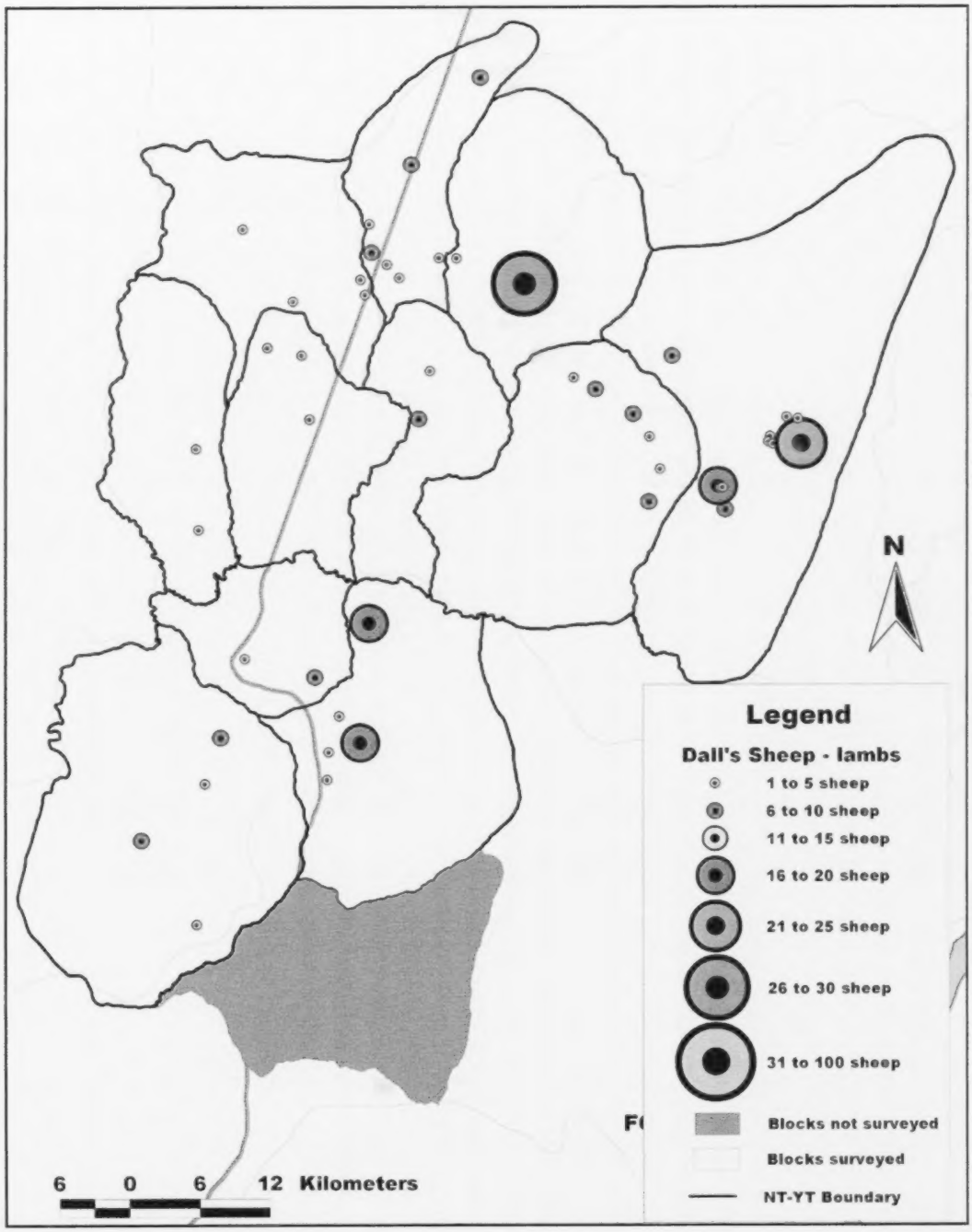


**Figure 8.** Distribution of lamb Dall's sheep in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.

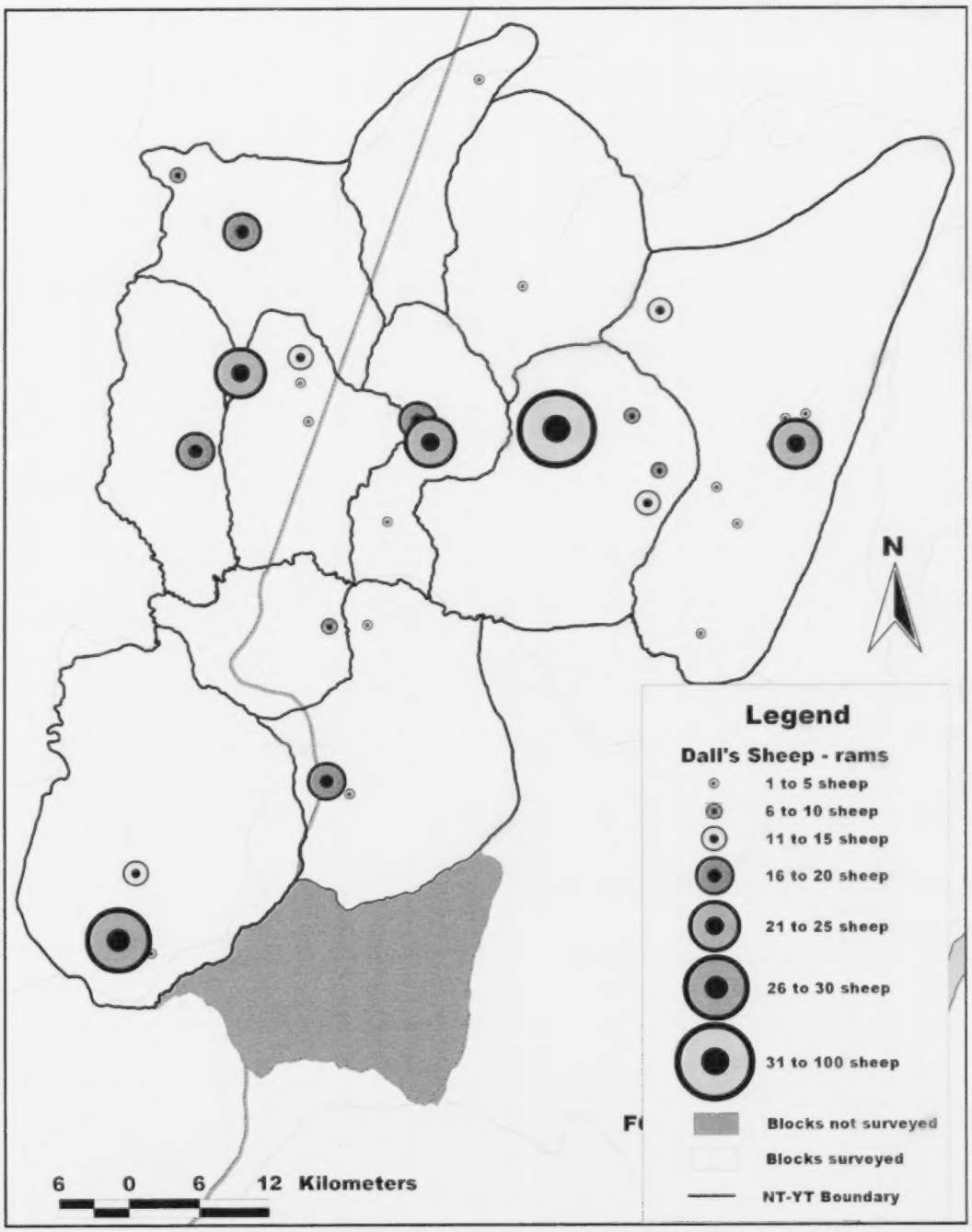


**Figure 9.** Distribution of ram Dall's sheep (half curl, three-quarter curl, and full curl) in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.

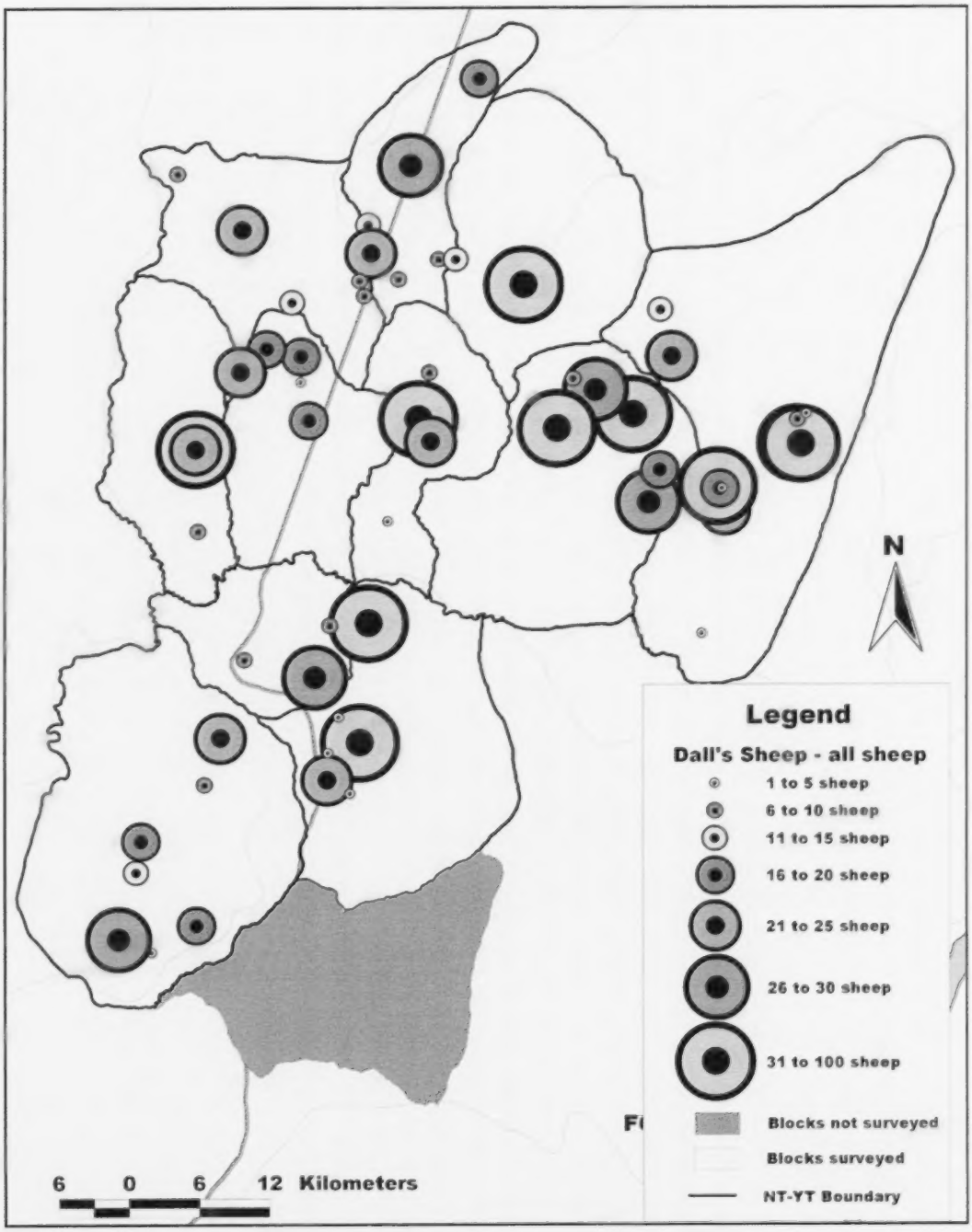


**Figure 10.** Distribution of Dall's sheep (nursery, lambs, and rams) in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.

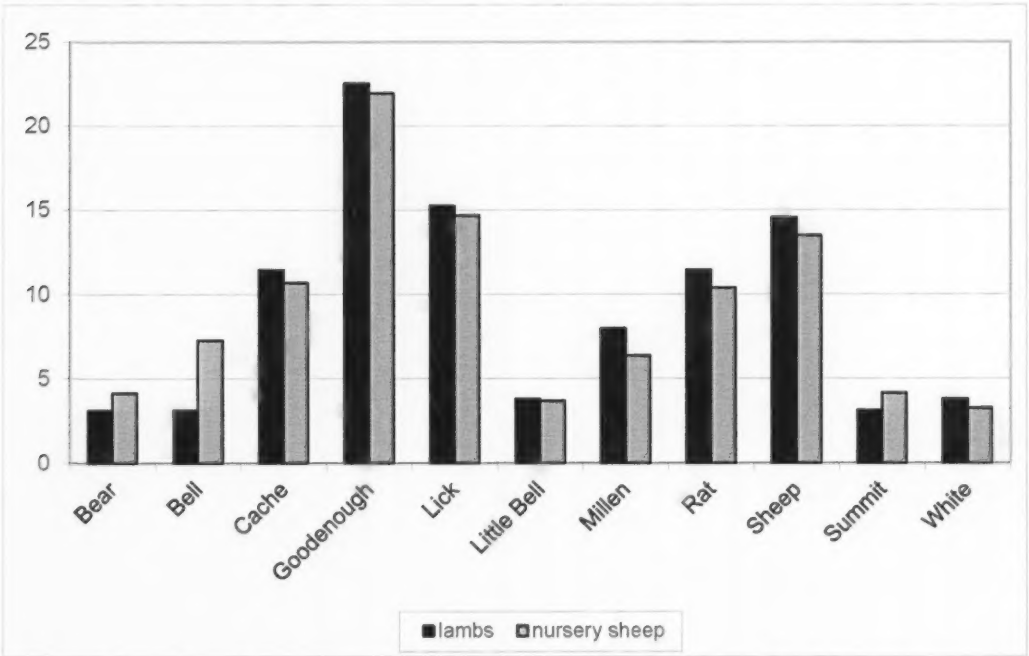


**Figure 11.** Percentage of the total number of lambs and nursery sheep found in each block surveyed during August 1991.

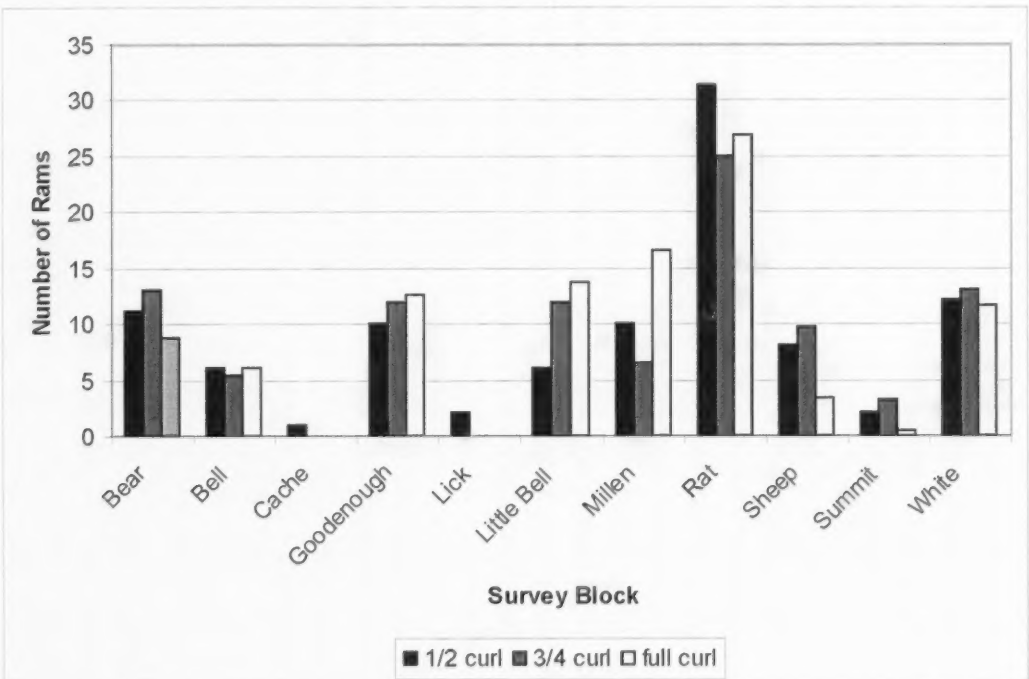


**Figure 12.** Percent of the total number of half, three-quarter, and full curl rams found in each block surveyed during August 1991.

**Table 4.** Number of Dall's sheep by class in the NWT and YT, August 1991.

| Year | Class of Sheep | NT | | YT | | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | # | Percentage | # | Percentage | |
| 1991 | Nursery | 494 | 73 | 184 | 27 | **675** |
| | Lambs | 215 | 75 | 71 | 25 | **289** |
| | Half curl ram | 65 | 66 | 34 | 34 | **99** |
| | Three-quarter curl ram | 58 | 63 | 34 | 37 | **92** |
| | Full curl ram | 95 | 52 | 87 | 48 | **182** |
| | **Total** | **964** | **70** | **410** | **30** | **1,374** |

# DISCUSSION

The Dall's sheep population continued to increase between 1986 and 1991. Lamb to nursery sheep ratios were exceptional, indicating high productivity and lamb survival to late summer. The number of full curl rams in the population nearly tripled during this five-year period. Most of the sheep observed during the survey were in the NWT.

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Ricky Joe (Aklavik) and Cliff Cook (GNWT RRO, Aklavik) assisted as observers during the survey. Jim Hodges (Sunrise Helicopters, Inuvik) provided excellent flying skills.

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# APPENDIX A. Classification of Dall's sheep by observation location and survey block in the northern Richardson Mountains, 1 and 3 August 1991.

| | | | | Nursery Sheep | | | | | Rams | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Block | Sighting | Latitude | Longitude | Ewes | Yearlings | Unclassified | Total | Lambs | 1/2 curl | 3/4 curl | 4/4 curl | Total | Unclassified | Total Sheep |
| Bear | 32 | 67.90 | -136.27 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Bear | 33 | 67.86 | -136.26 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 22 | 8 | 10 | 4 | 3 | 17 | 0 | 47 |
| Bear | 34 | 67.85 | -136.22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 21 | 0 | 21 |
| Bear | 50 | 67.78 | -136.25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Bell | 30 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 43 | 43 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 50 |
| Bell | 71 | 67.73 | -136.60 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Bell | 72 | 67.78 | -136.66 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 11 | 20 | 0 | 22 |
| Cache | 11 | 68.13 | -136.37 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 12 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 19 |
| Cache | 12 | 68.05 | -136.44 | 3 | 0 | 17 | 20 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 |
| Cache | 13 | 67.99 | -136.48 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Cache | 14 | 67.99 | -136.45 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Cache | 15 | 67.97 | -136.42 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Cache | 16 | 67.96 | -136.39 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Cache | 17 | 67.97 | -136.46 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 14 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| Cache | 20 | 67.99 | -136.33 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Goodenough | 1 | 67.95 | -135.55 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Goodenough | 2 | 67.94 | -135.57 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Goodenough | 3 | 67.93 | -135.57 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Goodenough | 4 | 67.93 | -135.56 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Goodenough | 5 | 67.94 | -135.52 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Goodenough | 6 | 67.94 | -135.51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 17 | 21 | 37 | 63 |
| Goodenough | 7 | 67.94 | -135.50 | 2 | 0 | 41 | 43 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 |
| Goodenough | 8 | 67.96 | -135.53 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |

| | | | | Nursery Sheep | | | | | Rams | | | | | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Block | Sighting | Latitude | Longitude | Ewes | Yearlings | Unclassified | Total | Lambs | 1/2 curl | 3/4 curl | 4/4 curl | Total | Unclassified | Sheep |
| Goodenough | 9 | 67.96 | -135.51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Goodenough | 10 | 68.00 | -135.86 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 0 | 11 |
| Goodenough | 37 | 67.77 | -135.57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Goodenough | 38 | 67.86 | -135.57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Goodenough | 39 | 67.87 | -135.61 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 13 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| Goodenough | 40 | 67.89 | -135.64 | 1 | 0 | 60 | 61 | 17 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 81 |
| Goodenough | 41 | 67.89 | -135.63 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| Goodenough | 42 | 67.89 | -135.63 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Lick | 21 | 67.99 | -136.29 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| Lick | 22 | 67.99 | -136.14 | 7 | 0 | 63 | 70 | 29 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 101 |
| Lick | 25 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Lick | 26 | - | - | 4 | 0 | 10 | 14 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 |
| Little Bell | 51 | 67.84 | -136.46 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 17 |
| Little Bell | 52 | 67.86 | -136.51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Little Bell | 53 | 67.88 | -136.52 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 8 | 15 | 0 | 17 |
| Little Bell | 54 | 67.88 | -136.59 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 |
| Little Bell | 73 | 67.85 | -136.63 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 15 | 23 | 0 | 25 |
| Mt Millen | 63 | 67.58 | -136.42 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 |
| Mt Millen | 64 | 67.54 | -136.42 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Mt Millen | 66 | 67.43 | -136.34 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| Mt Millen | 67 | 67.40 | -136.41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Mt Millen | 68 | 67.40 | -136.48 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 18 | 27 | 0 | 28 |
| Mt Millen | 69 | 67.46 | -136.49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 14 | 0 | 14 |
| Mt Millen | 70 | 67.48 | -136.50 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 13 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| Rat | 43 | 67.86 | -135.76 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 13 | 0 | 29 |
| Rat | 44 | 67.88 | -135.76 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 18 |
| Rat | 45 | 67.91 | -135.80 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Rat | 46 | 67.92 | -135.85 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 21 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 35 |

| Block | Sighting | Latitude | Longitude | Nursery Sheep | | | | Lambs | Rams | | | | Unclassified | Total Sheep |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Ewes | Yearlings | Unclassified | Total | | 1/2 curl | 3/4 curl | 4/4 curl | Total | | |
| Rat | 47 | 67.93 | -135.93 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 16 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 |
| Rat | 48 | 67.93 | -135.98 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Rat | 49 | 67.89 | -135.98 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 23 | 15 | 40 | 78 | 0 | 82 |
| Sheep | 55 | 67.61 | -136.15 | 3 | 0 | 49 | 52 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 72 |
| Sheep | 56 | 67.57 | -136.19 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 17 | 0 | 21 |
| Sheep | 57 | 67.57 | -136.14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Sheep | 58 | 67.59 | -136.20 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Sheep | 59 | 67.62 | -136.21 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Sheep | 60 | 67.70 | -136.21 | 3 | 0 | 31 | 34 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 53 |
| Summit | 61 | 67.69 | -136.29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Summit | 62 | 67.65 | -136.28 | 3 | 0 | 19 | 22 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 |
| Summit | 65 | 67.64 | -136.42 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| White | 18 | 67.95 | -136.46 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| White | 19 | 67.94 | -136.44 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| White | 27 | 67.92 | -136.58 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| White | 28 | 67.98 | -136.89 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 9 |
| White | 29 | 67.96 | -136.72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 13 | 18 | 0 | 18 |
| White | 31 | - | - | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 19 | 0 | 23 |